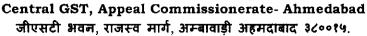


आयुक्त का कार्यालय, (अपीलस) Office of the Commissioner,

केंद्रीय जीएसटी, अहमदाबाद आयुक्तालय



CGST Bhavan, Revenue Marg, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad-380015 26305065

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DIN20210764SW000000B189 जिस्टर्ड डाक ए.डी. द्वारा

अपील आदेश संख्या Order-In-Appeal Nos. AHM-CGST-002-APP-ADC-15 to 18/2021-22

दिनाँक Date: 01.07.2021 जारी करने की तारीख Date of Issue: 06.07.2021

श्री मोहित अग्रवाल अपर आयुक्त (अपील) द्वारा पारित

Passed by Shri. Mohit Agrawal, Additional.Commissioner (Appeals)

Arising out of following Order-in-Original Nos, All passed by Assistant/Deputy Commissioner, Central GST, Division-III, Ahmedabad-North:

Sr.	010/RFD-06 No.	Dated:
No.		
1	025/Final/2018-19	26.11.2019
2	024/Final/2018-19	26.11.2019
3	026/Final/2018-19	26.11.2019
4	027/Final/2018-19	26.11.2019

अपीलकर्ता का नाम एवं पता Name & Address of the Appellant / Respondent

M/s Vedanta Limited-Cairn Oil and Gas Division, Viramgam Terminal, Appellant-Dhangadhar, Viramgam, Ahmedabad-382120.

Respondent- Assistant/Deputy Commissioner, Central GST, Division-III, Ahmedabad-North.

	<u> </u>				
(A)	इस आदेश(अपील) से व्यथित कोई व्यक्ति निम्नलिखित तरीके में उपयुक्त प्राधिकारी / प्राधिकरण के समक्ष अपील दायर कर सकता है। Any person aggrieved by this Order-in-Appeal may file an appeal to the appropriate authority in the following way.				
(i)	National Bench or Regional Bench of Appellate Tribunal framed under GST Act/CGST Act in the cases where one of the issues involved relates to place of supply as per Section 109(5) of CGST Act, 2017.				
(ii)	State Bench or Area Bench of Appellate Tribunal framed under GST Act/CGST Act other than as mentioned in para- (A)(i) above in terms of Section 109(7) of CGST Act, 2017				
(iii)	Appeal to the Appellate Tribunal shall be filed as prescribed under Rule 110 of CGST Rules, 2017 and shall be accompanied with a fee of Rs. One Thousand for every Rs. One Lakh of Tax or Input Tax Credit involved or the difference in Tax or Input Tax Credit involved or the amount of fine, fee or penalty determined in the order appealed against, subject to a maximum of Rs. Twenty-Five Thousand.				
(B)	Appeal under Section 112(1) of CGST Act, 2017 to Appellate Tribunal shall be filed along with relevant documents either electronically or as may be notified by the Registrar, Appellate Tribunal in FORM GST APL-05, on common portal as prescribed under Rule 110 of CGST Rules, 2017, and shall be accompanied by a copy of the order appealed against within seven days of filing FORM GST APL-05 online.				
(i)	Appeal to be filed before Appellate Tribunal under Section 112(8) of the CGST Act, 2017 after paying - (iii) Full amount of Tax, Interest, Fine, Fee and Penalty arising from the impugned order, as is admitted/accepted by the appellant, and (iv) A sum equal to twenty five per cent of the remaining amount of Tax in dispute, in addition to the amount paid under Section 107(6) of CGST Act, 2017, arising from the said				
(ii)	order, in relation to which the appeal has been filed. The Central Goods & Service Tax (Ninth Removal of Difficulties) Order, 2019 dated 03.12.2019 has provided that the appeal to tribunal can be made within three months from the date of communication of Order or date on which the President or the State President, as the case may be, of the Appellate Tribunal enters office, whichever is later.				



ORDER IN APPEAL

M/s. Vedanta limited—Cairn Oil and Gas Division, Viramgam Terminal. Dhangadhra, Viramgam, Ahmedabad-382120 (hereinafter referred to as the 'appellant') have filed the present four appeals detailed below against the Orders-in-Original (hereinafter referred to as 'impugned orders') passed by the Deputy Commissioner, Central CST & Central Excise, Division-III, Ahmedabad-North (hereinafter referred to as 'adjudicating authority') in the matter of refund claims:

Sr.	Appeal No.	OIO /RFD-06 No.	010	Amount of	Date of
No			Date	dispute	filling
				(₹)	appeal
1	GAPPL/ADC/GSTP/433/2021	025/Final/2018-19	26.11.19	813804/-	19.02.2021
2	GAPPL/ADC/GSTP/436/2021	024/Final/2018-19	26.11.19	674980/-	19.02.2021
3	GAPPL/ADC/GSTP/437/2021	026/Final/2018-19	26.11.19	304545/-	19.02.2021
4	GAPPL/ADC/GSTP/438/2021	027/Final/2018-19	26.11.19	918925/-	19.02.2021

The facts of the cases, in brief, are that the appellant is engaged 2. in exploration and production of crude oil and natural gas having GSTIN in Gujarat for the block RJ-ON-90/1. The appellant hired Anchor Handling Towing Cum Supply vessel (AHTH) "MV Poorna" from a supplier M/s. Global Offshore Service Ltd (GOSL) to support the operations including maintenance and inspection, tanker operations and oil spill response who raised invoices on the appellant for such rental services. It is the case of the appellant that while charging GST on taxable value of supply, the above supplier M/s. GOSL charged higher rate of 18% instead of 5%, and hence the appellant in the capacity of service recipient filed refund application under the provisions of Section 54 of the Central Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017 claiming refund of such excess tax of 13% (i.e.18%-5%) paid by them. The adjudicating authority issued show cause notices stating that the refund claim were liable for rejection for the reasons that there is no provision under Section 54/Rule 89 of CGST Act, 2017 for such refund under the said category. The refund claims were, rejected under impugned orders (RFD-06) by the adjudicating authority on the ground that none of the criteria of Section 54(8) of Central GSTR Act, 2017 is applicable and the refund claims pertains to classification issue and applidability of rate of GST on supply whether 18% or 12% or 5% which can be decided by jurisdictional officer of the supplier and should be dealt at supplier's end and hence the refund claim filed is out of jurisdiction, and prem¢ture.

- 3. Being aggrieved, the appellant filed these appeals against the rejection of the refund claims, on the grounds that:
 - The impugned order denying refund claim on a new ground that there was no provision under section 54 of the CGST Act or Rule 89 of the CGST and therefore, the adjudicating authority cannot travel beyond allegations in SCN and in support of their defense, they cited various case laws including Commissioner of Customs Vs Toyo Engineering, Commissioner of Central Excise Vs Ballarpur Industries and Gawar Construction Ltd Vs CCE, Rohtak 2019(370)ELT 780 (Tri. Chand);
 - The appellant who is recipient of supply and who has borne the burden of tax is entitled to refund of excess tax paid. As per section 54(1) of the CGST Act,207 "any person" makes no difference between a supplier or a recipient and the only condition which needs to be satisfied is the person has essentially borne the incidence of tax, therefore, the appellant as a recipient of supply has borne the tax is eligible to file refund claim and they cited various case laws including Indian farmers Fertilizer Co-op Itd v/s CCE Meerut-II 201435) STR 422(Tri.Del), Ranjeet Singh Chaudhary v/s UOI 2018(15) GSTL 192(Guj) and Jindal Steel & Power Ltd v/s CCE Rajpur 2016(42) STR 694(Tri-Del) etc.
 - The adjudicating authority failed to appreciate that the burden of excess tax has been borne by the appellant, it was not administratively possible for the assessee to file refund application in other jurisdiction on GSTN portal and that it is unjust to reject the claim on the ground of jurisdictional issue and they cited various case laws including Anurag Enterprise Vs Commissioner of CGST, Ghaziabad, 2019 (369) ELT 1617 (Tri. All), U. P. Projects Corporation Ltd Vs C(Appeals), CGST & C.Ex, Allhabad 2019 (370) ELT 851 (Tri. All) and CCE Vs Ghosi Sahkari Kray-Vikray Prakriyantmak Samit, Azamgarh 1988 (34) ELT 716 (Tri).
 - The tax collected from the appellant is in excess of the tax that was ought to be paid;
 - The appellant engaged in the sale of petroleum crude and natural gas, which is not chargeable to GST, they were unable to claim ITC of excess tax collected by GOSL and that selling price is based on international market price, there is no scope of increasing the price when excess tax is wrongly charged and thus entire burden of excess tax has been borne by the appellant and incidence of tax has not been passed on by the appellant, the same was evident from the certificate issued by chartered accountant.

In the virtual personal hearing held 10.06.2021, Shri Saurabh Dugar and Ms. Shaifali Arora, advocate appeared on behalf of the appellant and reiterated the submissions made in appeal memorandum and requested to consider their appeal.

I have carefully gone through the facts of the case on records, grounds of appeal in the Appeal Memorandum and written submissions made by the respondents. I find that the issue to be decided in the instant cases is whether in term of Section 54 of the Central Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017, the refund claims in respect of excess service tax paid by the appellant as recipient of services have been rightly rejected or otherwise?

I find that the appellant has contested that the service of support б. vessel provided by M/s. Global Offshore Service Ltd (GOSL) falls under Heading 9973 taxable @ 5% GST which was inadvertently classified by the said supplier under heading 9966 and wrongly charged GST at higher rate of 18 %. However, no documentary evidences in support of such arguments have been submitted by the appellant. Furthermore, no evidence showing the suppliers' intention or affirmation on such improper classification has been placed by the appellant. It is also not forthcoming as to for what purpose or intention the supplier choose to pay tax at higher rate when lower one were available to them? Also, there are no submissions regarding as to whether the supplier paid tax from Electronic Credit Ledger or from Cash Ledger? Further, if amount paid by the supplier in ITC how same could be encashed subsequently by recipient? In the instant case, the issue of improper classification has been raised by the recipient of service i.e the appellant only and not by the supplier and hence even if genuineness of the classification if succeed as claimed by the appellant, it is not comprehensible as to why the supplier refrain from claiming refund of tax paid in excess, if any? Also there appears no evidence in the appeal memorandum clarifying the status of the supplier as to whether they had lodged any such claim with the department for refund of such excess tax paid or shall not claim in future.

7. It is observed that the appeals against Orders-In-Original dated 26.11.2019 have been preferred by the appellant on 19.02.2021 i. e after more than fourteen months. Thus, the appeals are not filed within the time in three months as prescribed under Section 107 of the COST ACT, 2017

Furthermore, even I consider extended time limit available under Notification No.35/2020 Central Tax dated 03.04.2020 and Notification No. 55/2020 Central Tax dated 27.06.2020 on account of spread of pandemic COVID-19, the total period from 20.03.2020 to 31.08.2020 have been protected under said notifications. Since the appeals were not filled before the expiry of such further extended date i.e. before 31.08.2020, the relaxations provided under both the said notification jointly, cannot help to the delay in present appeals. Therefore, the plea of the appellant on the issue of non compliance of the time limit is not genuine. All the four appeal above are accordingly rejected for non compliance of time limit mandated under Section 107 of the Central Goods and Service Tax Act,2017.

8. The appeals filed by the appellant stand disposed of in above terms. अपीलकर्ता द्वारा दर्ज की गयी अपील का निपटारा उपरोक्त तरीके से किया जाता है!

(Mohit Agrawal)
Additional Commissioner,
CGST(Appeals), Ahmedabad.
Date:

Attested

(Atulkumar B. Amin)
Superintendent
Central Tax (Appeals)
Ahmedabad



By R.P.A.D./Speed Post

To.

M/s. Vedanta limited-Cairn Oil and Gas Division, Viramgam Terminal, Dhangadhra,

Viramgam, Ahmedabad-382120

GSTN: 24AACCS7101B3Z0

Copy to:

- . The Chief Commissioner of Central Tax, Ahmedabad Zone.
- 2. The Commissioner, CGST, Appeals, Ahmedabad.
- β. The Commissioner of Central Tax, Ahmedabad-North.
- 4. The Addl./Joint Commissioner, Central Tax (System), Ahmedabad-North.
- 5. The Asstt./Deputy Commissioner, Central Tax, Division-III, Sanand, Ahd-North., Guard File
- 7. P.A. File